

DRAINAGE REPORT

For

Rojo Co. Inc.

PROPOSED

Carwash Development

***4 Tow Road
Wareham, Massachusetts
Plymouth County***

Prepared by:

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report examines the changes in drainage that can be expected as the result of the development of a proposed carwash located on the northerly side of Tow Road in the Town of Wareham, Massachusetts. The site, which contains approximately 1.38 acres of land, is undeveloped consisting of dirt and grass areas.

The proposed project includes the construction of a new 5,476± square foot freestanding “Rojo” carwash along with new paved parking areas, landscaping, storm water management components and associated utilities. This report addresses a comparative analysis of the pre- and post-development site runoff conditions. Additionally, this report provides calculations documenting the design of the proposed stormwater conveyance/management system as illustrated within the accompanying Site Development Plans prepared by Bohler. The project will also provide erosion and sedimentation controls during the demolition and construction periods, as well as long term stabilization of the site.

For the purposes of this analysis the pre- and post-development drainage conditions were analyzed at one (1) “design points” where stormwater runoff currently drains to under existing conditions. These design points are described in further detail in **Section II** below. A summary of the existing and proposed conditions peak runoff rates for the 2-, 10-, 25-, and 100-year storms can be found in **Table 1.1** below. In addition, the project has been designed to meet or exceed the Stormwater Management Standards as detailed herein.

Table 1.1: Design Point Peak Runoff Rate Summary

Point of Analysis	2-Year Storm			10-Year Storm			25-Year Storm			100-Year Storm		
	Pre	Post	Δ	Pre	Post	Δ	Pre	Post	Δ	Pre	Post	Δ
DP1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	-0.03	0.19	0.03	-0.16	0.71	0.22	-0.49

**Flows are represented in cubic feet per second (cfs)*

I. EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS

Existing Site Description

The site consists of approximately 1.38 acres of land located along the northerly side of Tow Road in the Town of Wareham, Massachusetts. The site is undeveloped, consisting of dirt and grass areas.

On-Site Soil Information

Soils within the analyzed area consist of the following as classified by the Natural Resource Conservation Service (NRCS):

Table 2.1: Existing Soil Information

Soil Unit Symbol	Soil Name / Description	Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG)
259B	Carver loamy coarse sand	A

Refer to **Appendix C** for additional information.

Existing Collection and Conveyance

The entire site drains overland towards the abutting property to the north. There is also a portion of the abutting property to the southwest that drains across the site to the northern property boundary.

Existing Watersheds and Design Point Information

For the purposes of this analysis, the pre- and post-development drainage conditions were analyzed at one (1) “design points” as described below where stormwater runoff currently drains to under existing conditions. The existing site was subdivided into two (2) separate sub catchments, as described below, to analyze existing and proposed flow rates at each design point. The minimum time of concentration for all proposed areas is calculated as 6 minutes (0.1 hr).

Design Point #1 (DP1) is the northern property line. Under existing conditions, this design point receives stormwater flows from approximately 1.67 acres of land. This watershed has been broken up into two (2) subcatchments designated as “E1.1” and “E1.2”. Refer to Table 2.1 below for additional detail.

Table 2.2: Existing Sub-Catchment Summary

Sub-catchment Name	Total Area (acres)	Cover Description	Curve Number (CN)	Time of Concentration (Tc, minutes)
E1.1	0.28±	Grass, woods, paved parking	39	6.0
E1.2	1.38±	Grass	39	6.0

Refer to **Table 1.1 and 6.1** for the existing conditions peak rates of runoff. Refer to **Appendix D** and the Drainage Area Maps in the appendices of this report for a graphical representation of the existing drainage areas.

II. PROPOSED SITE CONDITIONS

Proposed Development Description

The proposed project consists of the construction of a new 5,476± square foot freestanding “Rojo” carwash including paved parking areas, landscaping, associated utilities, and a new stormwater management system. The site, including the proposed parking areas, has been designed to drain to deep-sump, hooded catch basins. The catch basins will capture and convey stormwater runoff, via an underground pipe system, to a proposed subsurface infiltration basin. Pretreatment of stormwater runoff will be provided by a combination of the deep-sump, hooded catch basins and an isolator row of subsurface infiltration chambers prior to discharge into the proposed subsurface infiltration basin. Rooftop runoff has been designed to flow to the basin as well.

Proposed Development Collection and Conveyance

Deep sump hooded catch basins are proposed to collect and route runoff from the paved parking areas to the proposed subsurface infiltration basin. Pipes have been designed for the 25-year storm using the Rational Method. Pipe sizing calculations are included in **Appendix F**.

The best management practices (BMPs) incorporated into the proposed stormwater management system have been designed to meets, or exceeds, the standards set forth in the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Handbook standards. Refer to **Section V** for additional information.

Proposed Watersheds and Design Point Information

The project has been designed to maintain existing drainage watersheds to the greatest extent possible, with the same design points described in **Section II** above. The site was subdivided into ten (10) separate sub catchments for the proposed conditions as described below. The minimum time of concentration for all proposed areas is calculated as 6 minutes (0.1 hr).

Under proposed conditions DP1 receives stormwater flows from approximately 1.67 acres of land, designated as watershed “P-1.1” through “P-1.10”. Refer to Table 3.1 below for additional detail.

Table 3.1: Proposed Sub-catchment Summary

Sub-catchment Name	Total Area (acres)	Cover Description	Curve Number (CN)	Time of Concentration (Tc, minutes)	Hydrologic Routing
P-1.1	0.48±	Grass, paved parking	81	6.0	DP1
P-1.2	0.20±	Grass, paved parking	85	6.0	DP1

Sub-catchment Name	Total Area (acres)	Cover Description	Curve Number (CN)	Time of Concentration (Tc, minutes)	Hydrologic Routing
P-1.3	0.18±	Paved parking	98	6.0	DP1
P-1.4	0.11±	Grass, paved parking	96	6.0	DP1
P-1.5	0.05±	Grass	39	6.0	DP1
P-1.6	0.01±	Paved parking	98	6.0	DP1
P-1.7	0.13±	Rooftops	98	6.0	DP1
P-1.8	0.27±	Grass	39	6.0	DP1
P-1.9	0.16±	Grass, paved parking, woods	38	6.0	DP1
P-1.10	0.13±	Grass, paved parking	70	6.0	DP1

Refer to **Table 1.1 and 6.1** for the calculated proposed conditions peak rates of runoff. For additional hydrologic information, refer to **Appendix D** and the Drainage Area Maps in the appendices of this report for a graphical representation of the proposed drainage areas.

III. METHODOLOGY

Peak Flow Calculations

Methodology utilized to design the proposed stormwater management system includes compliance with the guidelines set forth in the latest edition of the Massachusetts DEP Stormwater Handbook. The pre- and post-development runoff rates being discharged from the site were computed using the HydroCAD computer program. The drainage area and outlet information were entered into the program, which routes storm flows based on NRCS TR-20 and TR-55 methods. The other components of the model were determined following standard NRCS procedures for Curve Numbers (CNs) and times of concentrations documented in the appendices of this report. The rainfall data utilized and listed below in table 4.1 below for stormwater calculations is based on Technical Paper-40. Refer to **Appendix F** for more information.

Table 4.1: Plymouth County Rainfall Intensities

Frequency	2 year	10 year	25 year	100 year
Rainfall* (inches)	3.4	4.7	5.6	7.0

*Values derived from Hydrology Handbook for Conservation Commissioners prepared by Mass DEP (TP-40 Maps)

The proposed stormwater management as designed will provide a decrease in peak rates of runoff from the proposed facility for the 2-, 10-, 25- and 100-year design storm events. Additionally, the proposed project meets, or exceeds, the MADEP Stormwater Management standards. Compliance with these standards is described further below.

IV. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

Standard #1: No New Untreated Discharges

The project has been designed so that proposed impervious areas (including the building roof and paved parking/driveway areas) shall be collected and passed through the proposed drainage system for treatment prior to discharge.

Standard #2: Peak Rate Attenuation

As outlined in **Table 1.1** and **Table 5.1**, the development of the site and the proposed stormwater management system, have been designed so that post-development peak rates of runoff are below pre-development conditions for the 2-, 10-, 25- and 100-year storm events at all design points.

Standard #3: Recharge

The stormwater runoff from the project will be collected and diverted to a proposed subsurface infiltration basin. The project as proposed will involve the creation of 42,941± square feet of new impervious area and is required to infiltrate 2,147 cubic feet of stormwater as defined in Stormwater Standard 3. The proposed infiltration basin will provide 8,712 cubic feet of volume below the lowest outlet for groundwater recharge. Refer to **Appendix F** of this report for calculations documenting required and provided recharge volumes.

The DEP Stormwater Standards require that the infiltration BMP drains completely within 72 hours of the end of the storm event. Calculations showing that the proposed infiltration basin will drain within 4.3 hours are included in **Appendix F** of this report.

A four (4) foot separation to estimated seasonal high groundwater is provided and a groundwater mounding analysis is not required.

Standard #4: Water Quality

Water quality treatment is provided via deep sump catch basins, an isolator row, and a subsurface infiltration basin. TSS removal calculations are included in **Appendix F** of this report. The project as proposed will involve the creation of 42,941± square feet of new impervious area and is required to treat 3,578 cubic feet of water quality volume as defined in Stormwater Standard 4. The proposed infiltration basin provides 8,712 cubic feet of water quality volume below the lowest

outlet for water quality treatment. Refer to **Appendix F** of this report for calculations documenting required and provided water quality volumes.

Standard #5: Land Use with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads

Not Applicable for this project.

Standard #6: Critical Areas

Not Applicable for this project.

Standard #7: Redevelopment

Not Applicable for this project.

Standard #8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

The proposed project will provide construction period erosion and sedimentation controls as indicated within the site plan set provided for this project. This includes a proposed construction exit, protection for stormwater inlets, protection around temporary material stock piles and various other techniques as outlined on the erosion and sediment control sheets.

Standard #9: Operation and Maintenance Plan (O&M Plan)

An Operation and Maintenance (O&M) Plan for this site has been prepared and is included in **Appendix G** of this report. The O&M Plan outlines procedures and time tables for the long term operation and maintenance of the proposed site stormwater management system, including initial inspections upon completion of construction, and periodic monitoring of the system components, in accordance with established practices and the manufacturer's recommendations. The O&M Plan includes a list of responsible parties and an estimated budget for inspections and maintenance.

Standard #10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

The proposed stormwater system will only convey allowable non-stormwater discharges (firefighting waters, irrigation, air conditioning condensates, etc.) and will not contain any illicit discharges from prohibited sources. An Illicit Discharge Statement is included in **Appendix G** of this report.

V. SUMMARY

In summary, the proposed stormwater management system illustrated on the drawings prepared by Bohler results in a reduction in peak rates of runoff from the subject site when compared to pre-development conditions for the 2-, 10-, 25- and 100-year storm frequencies. In addition, the proposed best management practices will result in an effective removal of total suspended solids from the post-development runoff. The pre-development versus post-development stormwater discharge comparisons are contained in **Table 6.1** below:

Table 6.1: Design Point Peak Runoff Rate Summary

Point of Analysis	2-Year Storm			10-Year Storm			25-Year Storm			100-Year Storm		
	Pre	Post	Δ	Pre	Post	Δ	Pre	Post	Δ	Pre	Post	Δ
DP1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	-0.03	0.19	0.03	-0.16	0.71	0.22	-0.49

**Flows are represented in cubic feet per second (cfs)*

As outlined in the table above, the proposed stormwater management system as designed will provide a decrease in peak rates of runoff from the proposed facility for the 2-, 10-, 25- and 100-year storm events. Additionally, the project meets or exceeds the MADEP Stormwater Management Standards as described further herein.

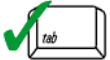
APPENDIX A: MASSACHUSETTS STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CHECKLIST



Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the [Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook](#). The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.¹ This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

Signature and Date

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

- New development
- Redevelopment
- Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

- No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
- Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
- Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
- Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
- LID Site Design Credit Requested:
 - Credit 1
 - Credit 2
 - Credit 3
- Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
- Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
- Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
- Treebox Filter
- Water Quality Swale
- Grass Channel
- Green Roof
- Other (describe): Underground infiltration system

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- No new untreated discharges
- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.
- Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24-hour storm.

Standard 3: Recharge

- Soil Analysis provided.
- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.
 - Static
 - Simple Dynamic
 - Dynamic Field¹
- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.
- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
 - Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
 - M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
 - Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
 - Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.
- Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

- The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
- Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
 - Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
 - Vehicle washing controls;
 - Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
 - Spill prevention and response plans;
 - Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
 - Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
 - Pet waste management provisions;
 - Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
 - Provisions for solid waste management;
 - Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
 - Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
 - Street sweeping schedules;
 - Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
 - Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
 - Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
 - List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
 - Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
 - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
 - is near or to other critical areas
 - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
 - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
 - The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
 - Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

- The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
 - The ½" or 1" Water Quality Volume or
 - The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
- The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
- A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does **not** cover the land use.
- LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- All exposure has been eliminated.
- All exposure has **not** been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

Standard 6: Critical Areas

- The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

- The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
 - Limited Project
 - Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
 - Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
 - Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
 - Bike Path and/or Foot Path
 - Redevelopment Project
 - Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.
- The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
 - Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
 - Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
 - Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
 - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
 - Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
 - Vegetation Planning;
 - Site Development Plan;
 - Construction Sequencing Plan;
 - Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
 - Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
 - Inspection Schedule;
 - Maintenance Schedule;
 - Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

- The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has **not** been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted **before** land disturbance begins.
- The project is **not** covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

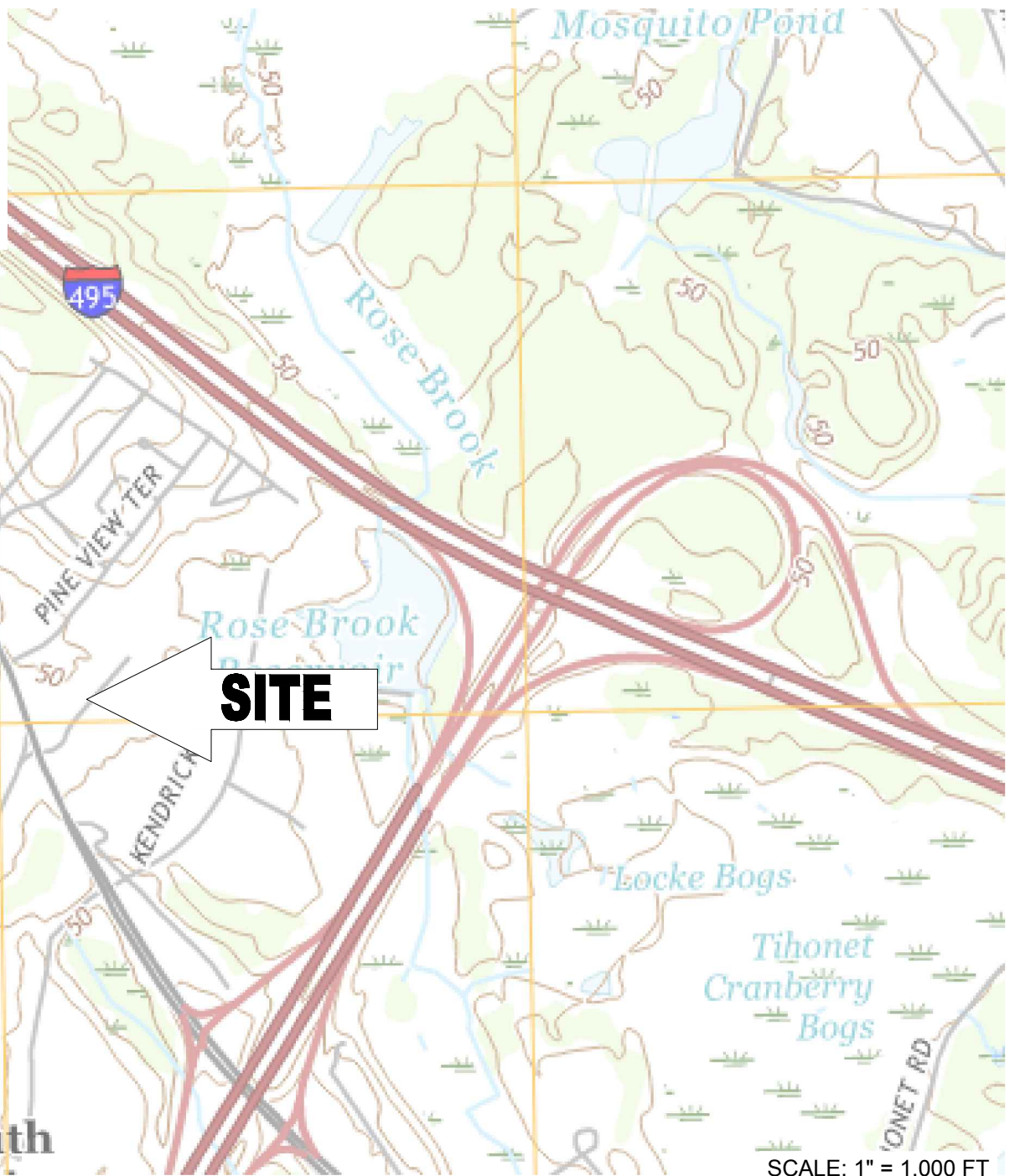
- The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
 - Name of the stormwater management system owners;
 - Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
 - Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
 - Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
 - Description and delineation of public safety features;
 - Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
 - Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is **not** the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
 - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
 - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

APPENDIX B: PROJECT LOCATION MAPS

- USGS MAP
- FEMA FIRMETTE



SCALE: 1" = 1,000 FT

USGS MAP
FOR
ROJO CO. INC.

PROPOSED CARWASH
DEVELOPMENT

LOCATION OF SITE
MAP #108, LOT #3A
4 TOW ROAD
PLYMOUTH COUNTY
WAREHAM, MASSACHUSETTS

BOHLER TM

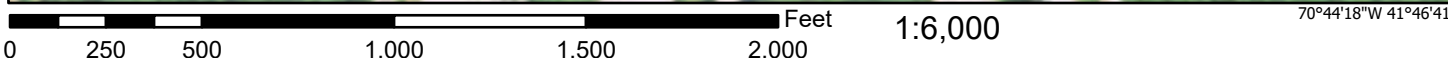
- SITE CIVIL AND CONSULTING ENGINEERING
- LAND SURVEYING
- PROGRAM MANAGEMENT
- LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE
- SUSTAINABLE DESIGN
- PERMITTING SERVICES
- TRANSPORTATION SERVICES

THE INFORMATION, DESIGN AND CONTENT OF THIS PLAN ARE PROPRIETARY AND SHALL NOT BE COPIED OR USED FOR ANY PURPOSE WITHOUT PRIOR WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM BOHLER. ONLY APPROVED, SIGNED AND SEALED PLANS SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES
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National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette



70°44'55"W 41°47'8"N



Basemap: USGS National Map: Orthoimagery: Data refreshed October, 2020

Legend

SEE FIS REPORT FOR DETAILED LEGEND AND INDEX MAP FOR FIRM PANEL LAYOUT

SPECIAL FLOOD HAZARD AREAS	Without Base Flood Elevation (BFE) <i>Zone A, V, A99</i> With BFE or Depth <i>Zone AE, AO, AH, VE, AR</i> Regulatory Floodway
OTHER AREAS OF FLOOD HAZARD	0.2% Annual Chance Flood Hazard, Areas of 1% annual chance flood with average depth less than one foot or with drainage areas of less than one square mile <i>Zone X</i> Future Conditions 1% Annual Chance Flood Hazard <i>Zone X</i> Area with Reduced Flood Risk due to Levee. See Notes. <i>Zone X</i> Area with Flood Risk due to Levee <i>Zone D</i>
OTHER AREAS	NO SCREEN Area of Minimal Flood Hazard <i>Zone X</i> Effective LOMRs Area of Undetermined Flood Hazard <i>Zone D</i>
GENERAL STRUCTURES	Channel, Culvert, or Storm Sewer Levee, Dike, or Floodwall
OTHER FEATURES	20.2 Cross Sections with 1% Annual Chance 17.5 Water Surface Elevation Coastal Transect Base Flood Elevation Line (BFE) Limit of Study Jurisdiction Boundary Coastal Transect Baseline Profile Baseline Hydrographic Feature
MAP PANELS	Digital Data Available No Digital Data Available Unmapped

The pin displayed on the map is an approximate point selected by the user and does not represent an authoritative property location.

This map complies with FEMA's standards for the use of digital flood maps if it is not void as described below. The basemap shown complies with FEMA's basemap accuracy standards

The flood hazard information is derived directly from the authoritative NFHL web services provided by FEMA. This map was exported on **3/3/2022 at 3:54 PM** and does not reflect changes or amendments subsequent to this date and time. The NFHL and effective information may change or become superseded by new data over time.

This map image is void if the one or more of the following map elements do not appear: basemap imagery, flood zone labels, legend, scale bar, map creation date, community identifiers, FIRM panel number, and FIRM effective date. Map images for unmapped and unmodernized areas cannot be used for regulatory purposes.

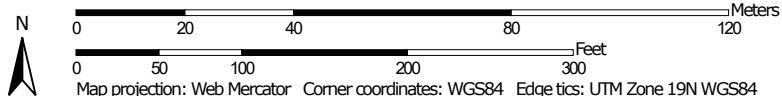
APPENDIX C: SOIL AND WETLAND INFORMATION

- NCRS CUSTOM SOIL RESOURCE REPORT

Hydrologic Soil Group—Plymouth County, Massachusetts




Map Scale: 1:1,390 if printed on A portrait (8.5" x 11") sheet.



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)









 Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Rating Polygons





-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Lines

-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D
-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Soil Rating Points




-  A
-  A/D
-  B
-  B/D

-  C
-  C/D
-  D
-  Not rated or not available

Water Features

 Streams and Canals

Transportation

-  Rails
-  Interstate Highways
-  US Routes
-  Major Roads
-  Local Roads

Background

 Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:12,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
 Web Soil Survey URL:
 Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Plymouth County, Massachusetts
 Survey Area Data: Version 14, Sep 2, 2021

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 25, 2020—Oct 9, 2020

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
259A	Carver loamy coarse sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	A	1.5	15.6%
259B	Carver loamy coarse sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	A	7.1	76.4%
301B	Montauk fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	C	0.2	2.6%
602B	Urban land, 0 to 8 percent slopes		0.5	5.4%
Totals for Area of Interest			9.3	100.0%

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

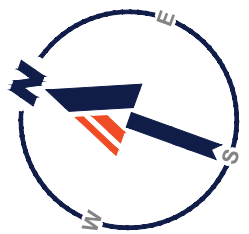
Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition

Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

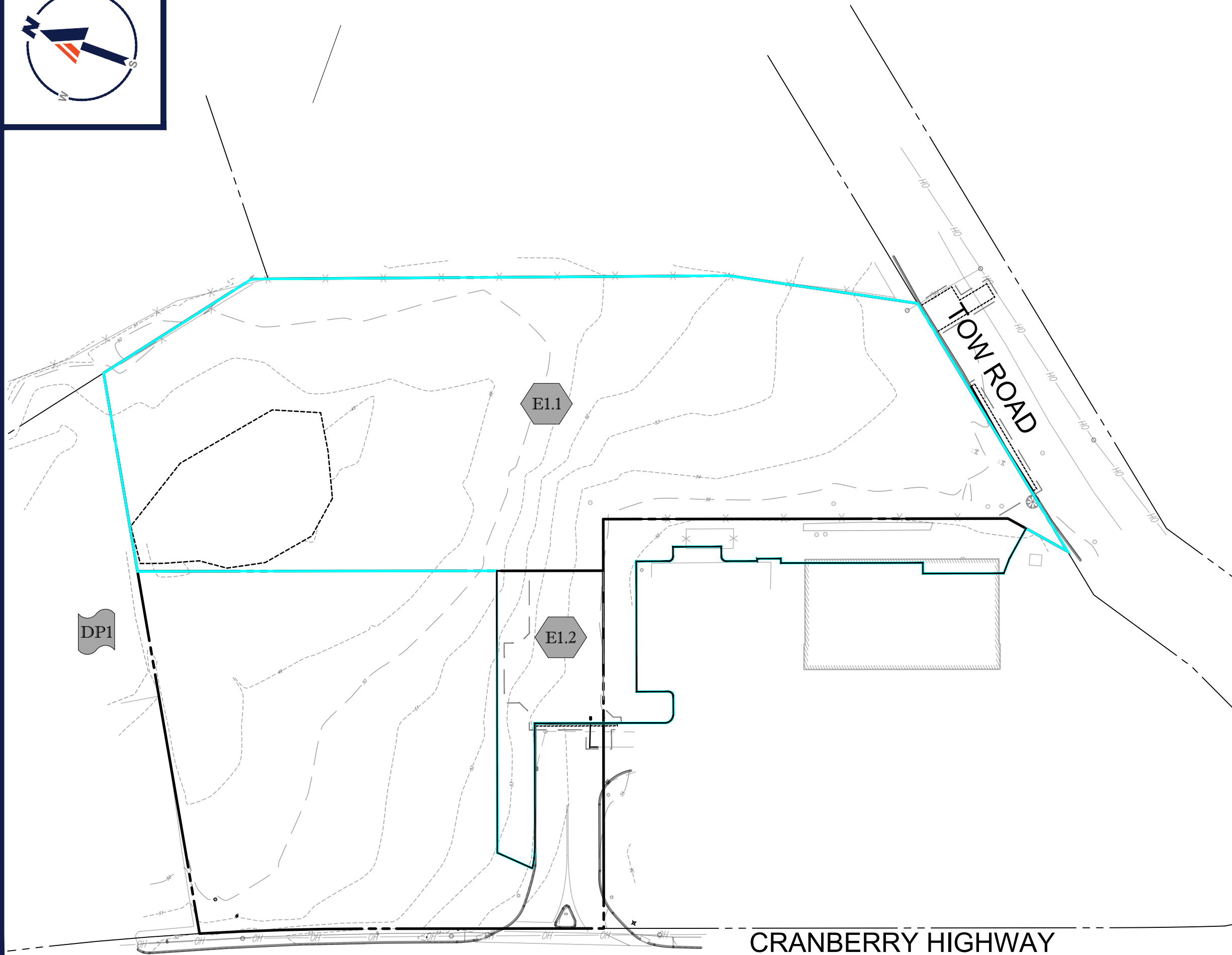
APPENDIX D: EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

- EXISTING CONDITIONS DRAINAGE MAP
- EXISTING CONDITIONS HYDROCAD COMPUTATIONS



LEGEND

- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- TIME OF CONCENTRATION
- DESIGN POINT
- SUBCATCHMENT



EXISTING CONDITIONS WATERSHED MAP

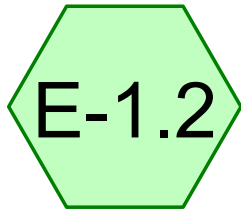
4 TOW ROAD
WAREHAM, MA

PREPARED BY

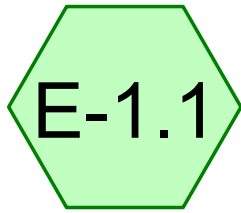
BOHLER //

CRANBERRY HIGHWAY

SCALE: 1"=50'
DATE: 03/04/2022



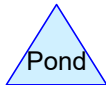
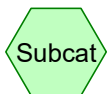
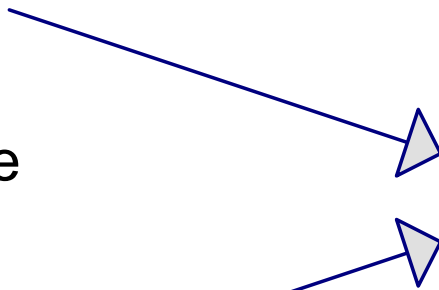
Nouria Site



Existing Site



Northern PL



W211220 - PRE

Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

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Page 2

Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff Area=60,171 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.001 af

SubcatchmentE-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff Area=12,372 sf 4.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.000 af

Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow=0.00 cfs 0.001 af
Primary=0.00 cfs 0.001 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.665 ac Runoff Volume = 0.001 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.00"
99.28% Pervious = 1.653 ac 0.72% Impervious = 0.012 ac

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60,171	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
60,171		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,841	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
12,372	39	Weighted Average
11,849		95.77% Pervious Area
523		4.23% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow Area = 1.665 ac, 0.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event

Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af

Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

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Page 4

Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff Area=60,171 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.14"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.017 af

SubcatchmentE-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff Area=12,372 sf 4.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.14"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.01 cfs 0.003 af

Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow=0.03 cfs 0.020 af
Primary=0.03 cfs 0.020 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.665 ac Runoff Volume = 0.020 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.14"
99.28% Pervious = 1.653 ac 0.72% Impervious = 0.012 ac

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.017 af, Depth= 0.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60,171	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
60,171		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth= 0.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,841	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
12,372	39	Weighted Average
11,849		95.77% Pervious Area
523		4.23% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow Area = 1.665 ac, 0.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.14" for 10-Year event

Inflow = 0.03 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.020 af

Primary = 0.03 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.020 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

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Page 6

Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff Area=60,171 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.34"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.15 cfs 0.039 af

SubcatchmentE-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff Area=12,372 sf 4.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.34"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.008 af

Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow=0.19 cfs 0.047 af
Primary=0.19 cfs 0.047 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.665 ac Runoff Volume = 0.047 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.34"
99.28% Pervious = 1.653 ac 0.72% Impervious = 0.012 ac

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff = 0.15 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.039 af, Depth= 0.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60,171	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
60,171		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.008 af, Depth= 0.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,841	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
12,372	39	Weighted Average
11,849		95.77% Pervious Area
523		4.23% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow Area = 1.665 ac, 0.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.34" for 25-Year event
 Inflow = 0.19 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.047 af
 Primary = 0.19 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.047 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentE-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff Area=60,171 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.59 cfs 0.088 af

SubcatchmentE-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff Area=12,372 sf 4.23% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77"
Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.12 cfs 0.018 af

Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow=0.71 cfs 0.107 af
Primary=0.71 cfs 0.107 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.665 ac Runoff Volume = 0.107 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.77"
99.28% Pervious = 1.653 ac 0.72% Impervious = 0.012 ac

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.1: Existing Site

Runoff = 0.59 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.088 af, Depth= 0.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
60,171	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
60,171		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment E-1.2: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.12 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.018 af, Depth= 0.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,841	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
12,372	39	Weighted Average
11,849		95.77% Pervious Area
523		4.23% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL

Inflow Area = 1.665 ac, 0.72% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.77" for 100-Year event

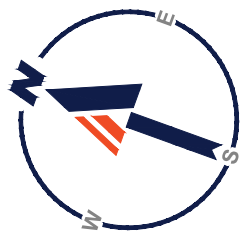
Inflow = 0.71 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.107 af

Primary = 0.71 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.107 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

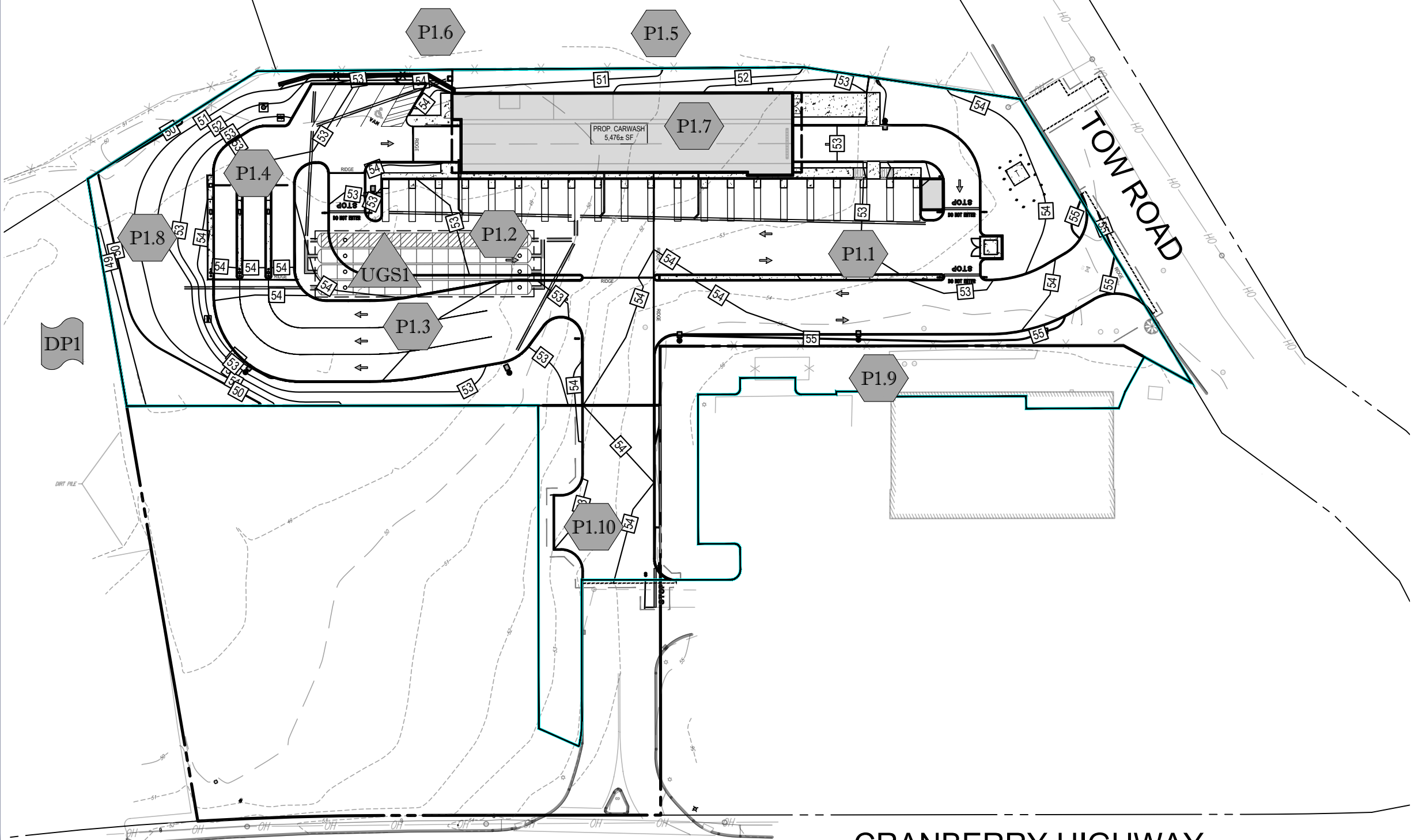
APPENDIX E: PROPOSED CONDITIONS HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

- PROPOSED CONDITIONS DRAINAGE MAP
- PROPOSED CONDITIONS HYDROCAD CALCULATIONS



LEGEND

- WATERSHED BOUNDARY
- DESIGN POINT
- SUBCATCHMENT
- BASIN



PROPOSED CONDITIONS WATERSHED MAP

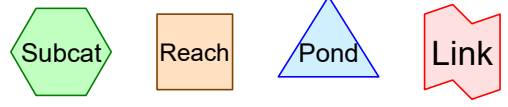
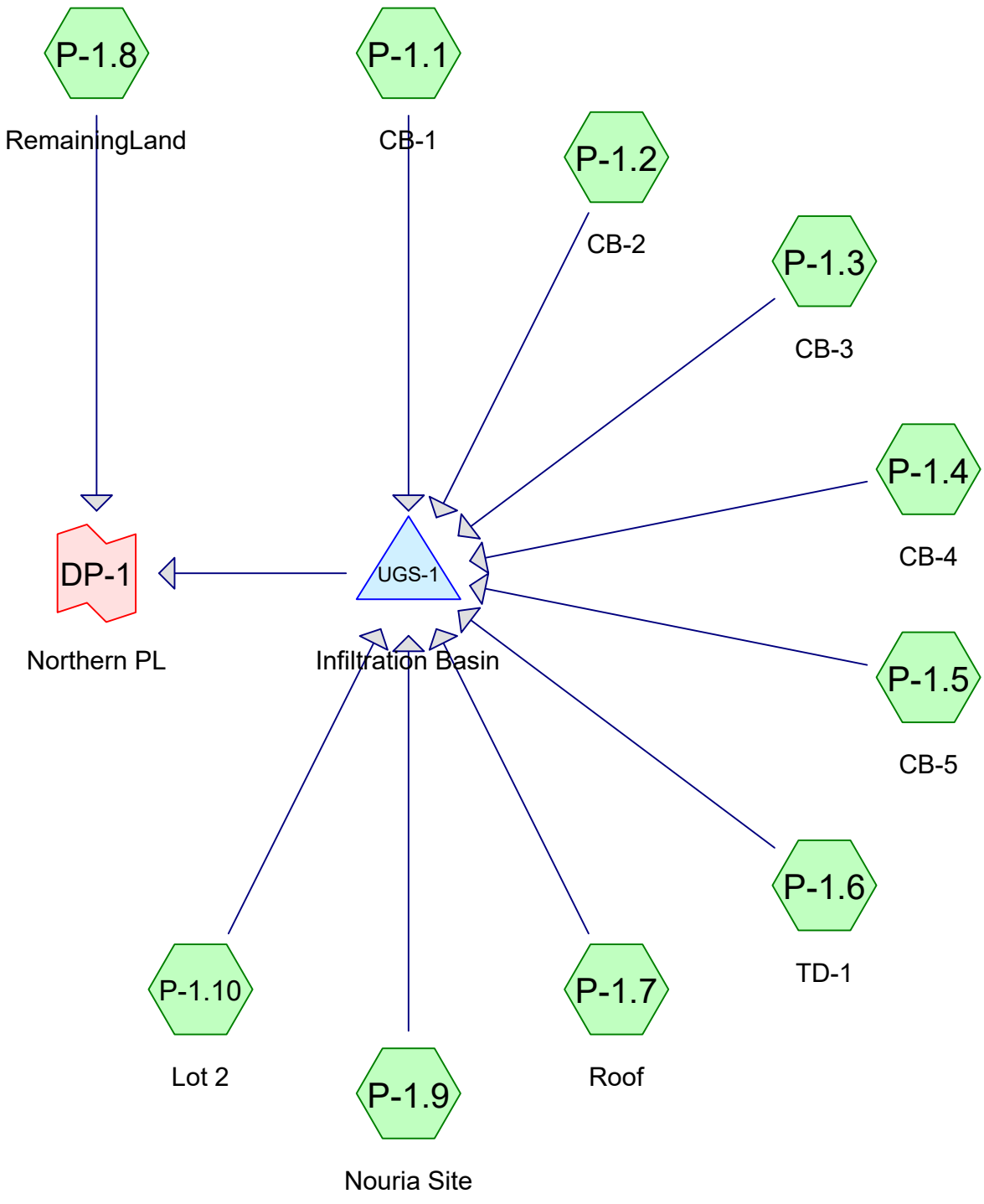
4 TOW ROAD
WAREHAM, MA

PREPARED BY



CRANBERRY HIGHWAY

SCALE: 1"=50'
DATE: 03/04/2022



Routing Diagram for W211220 - POST
 Prepared by {enter your company name here}, Printed 3/3/2022
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W211220 - POST

Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

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Page 2

Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
 Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1.1: CB-1	Runoff Area=20,817 sf 70.51% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.63" Tc=6.0 min CN=81 Runoff=0.89 cfs 0.065 af
SubcatchmentP-1.10: Lot 2	Runoff Area=5,528 sf 53.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.95" Tc=6.0 min CN=70 Runoff=0.13 cfs 0.010 af
SubcatchmentP-1.2: CB-2	Runoff Area=8,655 sf 77.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.93" Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=0.44 cfs 0.032 af
SubcatchmentP-1.3: CB-3	Runoff Area=7,699 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.17" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.57 cfs 0.047 af
SubcatchmentP-1.4: CB-4	Runoff Area=4,870 sf 97.04% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.95" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=0.35 cfs 0.027 af
SubcatchmentP-1.5: CB-5	Runoff Area=2,033 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
SubcatchmentP-1.6: TD-1	Runoff Area=346 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.17" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.002 af
SubcatchmentP-1.7: Roof	Runoff Area=5,476 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.17" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.41 cfs 0.033 af
SubcatchmentP-1.8: RemainingLand	Runoff Area=10,285 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
SubcatchmentP-1.9: Nouria Site	Runoff Area=6,844 sf 7.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.00" Tc=6.0 min CN=38 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.000 af
Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin	Peak Elev=45.54' Storage=0.052 af Inflow=2.81 cfs 0.216 af Discarded=0.57 cfs 0.217 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.57 cfs 0.217 af
Link DP-1: Northern PL	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.666 ac Runoff Volume = 0.216 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.56"
40.60% Pervious = 0.676 ac 59.40% Impervious = 0.989 ac

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.1: CB-1

Runoff = 0.89 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.065 af, Depth= 1.63"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,139	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
14,678	98	Paved parking, HSG A
20,817	81	Weighted Average
6,139		29.49% Pervious Area
14,678		70.51% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.10: Lot 2

Runoff = 0.13 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.010 af, Depth= 0.95"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,582	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,946	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,528	70	Weighted Average
2,582		46.71% Pervious Area
2,946		53.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.2: CB-2

Runoff = 0.44 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.032 af, Depth= 1.93"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,953	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
6,702	98	Paved parking, HSG A
8,655	85	Weighted Average
1,953		22.56% Pervious Area
6,702		77.44% Impervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.3: CB-3

Runoff = 0.57 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.047 af, Depth= 3.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,699	98	Paved parking, HSG A
7,699		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.4: CB-4

Runoff = 0.35 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.027 af, Depth= 2.95"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
144	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,726	98	Paved parking, HSG A
4,870	96	Weighted Average
144		2.96% Pervious Area
4,726		97.04% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.5: CB-5

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,033	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,033		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.6: TD-1

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.002 af, Depth= 3.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
346	98	Paved parking, HSG A
346		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.7: Roof

Runoff = 0.41 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.033 af, Depth= 3.17"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,476	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG A
5,476		100.00% Impervious Area
5,476		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.8: RemainingLand

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
10,285	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
10,285		100.00% Pervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.9: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 24.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af, Depth= 0.00"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,313	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
6,844	38	Weighted Average
6,321		92.36% Pervious Area
523		7.64% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 1.429 ac, 69.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.81" for 2-Year event
 Inflow = 2.81 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.216 af
 Outflow = 0.57 cfs @ 11.85 hrs, Volume= 0.217 af, Atten= 80%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Discarded = 0.57 cfs @ 11.85 hrs, Volume= 0.217 af
 Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
 Peak Elev= 45.54' @ 12.54 hrs Surf.Area= 0.068 ac Storage= 0.052 af

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 21.8 min (819.1 - 797.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	44.25'	0.096 af	29.92'W x 98.91'L x 5.50'H Field A 0.374 af Overall - 0.134 af Embedded = 0.240 af x 40.0% Voids
#2A	45.00'	0.134 af	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Cap x 52 Inside #1 Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap 52 Chambers in 4 Rows Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 119.2 cf
		0.230 af	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

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Type III 24-hr 2-Year Rainfall=3.40"

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	44.25'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	48.75'	12.0" Round RCP_Round 12" L= 55.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 48.75' / 48.45' S= 0.0055 '/ Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.57 cfs @ 11.85 hrs HW=44.31' (Free Discharge)↑1=**Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.57 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=44.25' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑2=**RCP_Round 12"** (Controls 0.00 cfs)**Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL**

Inflow Area = 1.666 ac, 59.40% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 2-Year event
 Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af
 Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 23.42 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
 Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1.1: CB-1	Runoff Area=20,817 sf 70.51% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.72" Tc=6.0 min CN=81 Runoff=1.49 cfs 0.108 af
SubcatchmentP-1.10: Lot 2	Runoff Area=5,528 sf 53.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.82" Tc=6.0 min CN=70 Runoff=0.26 cfs 0.019 af
SubcatchmentP-1.2: CB-2	Runoff Area=8,655 sf 77.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.09" Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=0.70 cfs 0.051 af
SubcatchmentP-1.3: CB-3	Runoff Area=7,699 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.46" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.79 cfs 0.066 af
SubcatchmentP-1.4: CB-4	Runoff Area=4,870 sf 97.04% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.23" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=0.49 cfs 0.039 af
SubcatchmentP-1.5: CB-5	Runoff Area=2,033 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.14" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.001 af
SubcatchmentP-1.6: TD-1	Runoff Area=346 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.46" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.04 cfs 0.003 af
SubcatchmentP-1.7: Roof	Runoff Area=5,476 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.46" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.56 cfs 0.047 af
SubcatchmentP-1.8: RemainingLand	Runoff Area=10,285 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.14" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.003 af
SubcatchmentP-1.9: Nouria Site	Runoff Area=6,844 sf 7.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.12" Tc=6.0 min CN=38 Runoff=0.00 cfs 0.002 af
Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin	Peak Elev=46.47' Storage=0.103 af Inflow=4.34 cfs 0.336 af Discarded=0.57 cfs 0.336 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.57 cfs 0.336 af
Link DP-1: Northern PL	Inflow=0.00 cfs 0.003 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.003 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.666 ac Runoff Volume = 0.339 af Average Runoff Depth = 2.44"
40.60% Pervious = 0.676 ac 59.40% Impervious = 0.989 ac

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.1: CB-1

Runoff = 1.49 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.108 af, Depth= 2.72"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,139	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
14,678	98	Paved parking, HSG A
20,817	81	Weighted Average
6,139		29.49% Pervious Area
14,678		70.51% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.10: Lot 2

Runoff = 0.26 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.019 af, Depth= 1.82"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,582	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,946	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,528	70	Weighted Average
2,582		46.71% Pervious Area
2,946		53.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.2: CB-2

Runoff = 0.70 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.051 af, Depth= 3.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,953	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
6,702	98	Paved parking, HSG A
8,655	85	Weighted Average
1,953		22.56% Pervious Area
6,702		77.44% Impervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.3: CB-3

Runoff = 0.79 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.066 af, Depth= 4.46"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,699	98	Paved parking, HSG A
7,699		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.4: CB-4

Runoff = 0.49 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.039 af, Depth= 4.23"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
144	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,726	98	Paved parking, HSG A
4,870	96	Weighted Average
144		2.96% Pervious Area
4,726		97.04% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.5: CB-5

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af, Depth= 0.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,033	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,033		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.6: TD-1

Runoff = 0.04 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth= 4.46"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
346	98	Paved parking, HSG A
346		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.7: Roof

Runoff = 0.56 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.047 af, Depth= 4.46"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,476	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG A
5,476		100.00% Impervious Area
5,476		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.8: RemainingLand

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth= 0.14"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
10,285	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
10,285		100.00% Pervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.9: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.00 cfs @ 14.70 hrs, Volume= 0.002 af, Depth= 0.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,313	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
6,844	38	Weighted Average
6,321		92.36% Pervious Area
523		7.64% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 1.429 ac, 69.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.82" for 10-Year event
 Inflow = 4.34 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.336 af
 Outflow = 0.57 cfs @ 11.75 hrs, Volume= 0.336 af, Atten= 87%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Discarded = 0.57 cfs @ 11.75 hrs, Volume= 0.336 af
 Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
 Peak Elev= 46.47' @ 12.67 hrs Surf.Area= 0.068 ac Storage= 0.103 af

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 52.6 min (843.8 - 791.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	44.25'	0.096 af	29.92'W x 98.91'L x 5.50'H Field A 0.374 af Overall - 0.134 af Embedded = 0.240 af x 40.0% Voids
#2A	45.00'	0.134 af	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Cap x 52 Inside #1 Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap 52 Chambers in 4 Rows Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 119.2 cf
		0.230 af	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

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Type III 24-hr 10-Year Rainfall=4.70"

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	44.25'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	48.75'	12.0" Round RCP_Round 12" L= 55.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 48.75' / 48.45' S= 0.0055 '/ Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.57 cfs @ 11.75 hrs HW=44.34' (Free Discharge)↑1=**Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.57 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=44.25' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑2=**RCP_Round 12"** (Controls 0.00 cfs)**Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL**

Inflow Area = 1.666 ac, 59.40% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.02" for 10-Year event
 Inflow = 0.00 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af
 Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 13.76 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
 Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1.1: CB-1	Runoff Area=20,817 sf 70.51% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.52" Tc=6.0 min CN=81 Runoff=1.92 cfs 0.140 af
SubcatchmentP-1.10: Lot 2	Runoff Area=5,528 sf 53.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.49" Tc=6.0 min CN=70 Runoff=0.36 cfs 0.026 af
SubcatchmentP-1.2: CB-2	Runoff Area=8,655 sf 77.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.93" Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=0.88 cfs 0.065 af
SubcatchmentP-1.3: CB-3	Runoff Area=7,699 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.36" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.95 cfs 0.079 af
SubcatchmentP-1.4: CB-4	Runoff Area=4,870 sf 97.04% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.13" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=0.59 cfs 0.048 af
SubcatchmentP-1.5: CB-5	Runoff Area=2,033 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.01 cfs 0.001 af
SubcatchmentP-1.6: TD-1	Runoff Area=346 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.36" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.04 cfs 0.004 af
SubcatchmentP-1.7: Roof	Runoff Area=5,476 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.36" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.67 cfs 0.056 af
SubcatchmentP-1.8: RemainingLand	Runoff Area=10,285 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.34" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.03 cfs 0.007 af
SubcatchmentP-1.9: Nouria Site	Runoff Area=6,844 sf 7.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.29" Tc=6.0 min CN=38 Runoff=0.01 cfs 0.004 af
Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin	Peak Elev=47.26' Storage=0.143 af Inflow=5.42 cfs 0.423 af Discarded=0.57 cfs 0.423 af Primary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.57 cfs 0.423 af
Link DP-1: Northern PL	Inflow=0.03 cfs 0.007 af Primary=0.03 cfs 0.007 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.666 ac Runoff Volume = 0.430 af Average Runoff Depth = 3.10"
40.60% Pervious = 0.676 ac 59.40% Impervious = 0.989 ac

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.1: CB-1

Runoff = 1.92 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.140 af, Depth= 3.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,139	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
14,678	98	Paved parking, HSG A
20,817	81	Weighted Average
6,139		29.49% Pervious Area
14,678		70.51% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.10: Lot 2

Runoff = 0.36 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.026 af, Depth= 2.49"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,582	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,946	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,528	70	Weighted Average
2,582		46.71% Pervious Area
2,946		53.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.2: CB-2

Runoff = 0.88 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.065 af, Depth= 3.93"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,953	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
6,702	98	Paved parking, HSG A
8,655	85	Weighted Average
1,953		22.56% Pervious Area
6,702		77.44% Impervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.3: CB-3

Runoff = 0.95 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.079 af, Depth= 5.36"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,699	98	Paved parking, HSG A
7,699		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.4: CB-4

Runoff = 0.59 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.048 af, Depth= 5.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
144	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,726	98	Paved parking, HSG A
4,870	96	Weighted Average
144		2.96% Pervious Area
4,726		97.04% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.5: CB-5

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.001 af, Depth= 0.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,033	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,033		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.6: TD-1

Runoff = 0.04 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.004 af, Depth= 5.36"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
346	98	Paved parking, HSG A
346		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.7: Roof

Runoff = 0.67 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.056 af, Depth= 5.36"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,476	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG A
5,476		100.00% Impervious Area
5,476		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.8: RemainingLand

Runoff = 0.03 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Depth= 0.34"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
10,285	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
10,285		100.00% Pervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.9: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.01 cfs @ 12.42 hrs, Volume= 0.004 af, Depth= 0.29"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 25-Year Rainfall=5.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,313	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
6,844	38	Weighted Average
6,321		92.36% Pervious Area
523		7.64% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 1.429 ac, 69.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.55" for 25-Year event
 Inflow = 5.42 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.423 af
 Outflow = 0.57 cfs @ 11.70 hrs, Volume= 0.423 af, Atten= 90%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Discarded = 0.57 cfs @ 11.70 hrs, Volume= 0.423 af
 Primary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
 Peak Elev= 47.26' @ 12.90 hrs Surf.Area= 0.068 ac Storage= 0.143 af

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 79.8 min (867.7 - 787.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	44.25'	0.096 af	29.92'W x 98.91'L x 5.50'H Field A 0.374 af Overall - 0.134 af Embedded = 0.240 af x 40.0% Voids
#2A	45.00'	0.134 af	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Cap x 52 Inside #1 Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap 52 Chambers in 4 Rows Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 119.2 cf
		0.230 af	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	44.25'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	48.75'	12.0" Round RCP_Round 12" L= 55.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 48.75' / 48.45' S= 0.0055 '/ Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.57 cfs @ 11.70 hrs HW=44.35' (Free Discharge)↑1=**Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.57 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=44.25' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑2=**RCP_Round 12"** (Controls 0.00 cfs)**Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL**

Inflow Area = 1.666 ac, 59.40% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.05" for 25-Year event
 Inflow = 0.03 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af
 Primary = 0.03 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 0.007 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

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Time span=0.00-36.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 721 points
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN
 Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

SubcatchmentP-1.1: CB-1	Runoff Area=20,817 sf 70.51% Impervious Runoff Depth=4.81" Tc=6.0 min CN=81 Runoff=2.60 cfs 0.191 af
SubcatchmentP-1.10: Lot 2	Runoff Area=5,528 sf 53.29% Impervious Runoff Depth=3.62" Tc=6.0 min CN=70 Runoff=0.53 cfs 0.038 af
SubcatchmentP-1.2: CB-2	Runoff Area=8,655 sf 77.44% Impervious Runoff Depth=5.25" Tc=6.0 min CN=85 Runoff=1.16 cfs 0.087 af
SubcatchmentP-1.3: CB-3	Runoff Area=7,699 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.76" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=1.19 cfs 0.100 af
SubcatchmentP-1.4: CB-4	Runoff Area=4,870 sf 97.04% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.52" Tc=6.0 min CN=96 Runoff=0.74 cfs 0.061 af
SubcatchmentP-1.5: CB-5	Runoff Area=2,033 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.02 cfs 0.003 af
SubcatchmentP-1.6: TD-1	Runoff Area=346 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.76" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.05 cfs 0.004 af
SubcatchmentP-1.7: Roof	Runoff Area=5,476 sf 100.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=6.76" Tc=6.0 min CN=98 Runoff=0.84 cfs 0.071 af
SubcatchmentP-1.8: RemainingLand	Runoff Area=10,285 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.77" Tc=6.0 min CN=39 Runoff=0.10 cfs 0.015 af
SubcatchmentP-1.9: Nouria Site	Runoff Area=6,844 sf 7.64% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.70" Tc=6.0 min CN=38 Runoff=0.05 cfs 0.009 af
Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin	Peak Elev=48.99' Storage=0.209 af Inflow=7.17 cfs 0.564 af Discarded=0.57 cfs 0.555 af Primary=0.19 cfs 0.009 af Outflow=0.75 cfs 0.565 af
Link DP-1: Northern PL	Inflow=0.22 cfs 0.024 af Primary=0.22 cfs 0.024 af

Total Runoff Area = 1.666 ac Runoff Volume = 0.579 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.17"
40.60% Pervious = 0.676 ac 59.40% Impervious = 0.989 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment P-1.1: CB-1

Runoff = 2.60 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.191 af, Depth= 4.81"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
6,139	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
14,678	98	Paved parking, HSG A
20,817	81	Weighted Average
6,139		29.49% Pervious Area
14,678		70.51% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.10: Lot 2

Runoff = 0.53 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.038 af, Depth= 3.62"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,582	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,946	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,528	70	Weighted Average
2,582		46.71% Pervious Area
2,946		53.29% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.2: CB-2

Runoff = 1.16 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.087 af, Depth= 5.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
1,953	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
6,702	98	Paved parking, HSG A
8,655	85	Weighted Average
1,953		22.56% Pervious Area
6,702		77.44% Impervious Area

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.3: CB-3

Runoff = 1.19 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.100 af, Depth= 6.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
7,699	98	Paved parking, HSG A
7,699		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.4: CB-4

Runoff = 0.74 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.061 af, Depth= 6.52"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
144	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,726	98	Paved parking, HSG A
4,870	96	Weighted Average
144		2.96% Pervious Area
4,726		97.04% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.5: CB-5

Runoff = 0.02 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.003 af, Depth= 0.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,033	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,033		100.00% Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.6: TD-1

Runoff = 0.05 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.004 af, Depth= 6.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
346	98	Paved parking, HSG A
346		100.00% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.7: Roof

Runoff = 0.84 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.071 af, Depth= 6.76"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,476	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG A
5,476		100.00% Impervious Area
5,476		100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.8: RemainingLand

Runoff = 0.10 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.015 af, Depth= 0.77"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
10,285	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
10,285		100.00% Pervious Area

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Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

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Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment P-1.9: Nouria Site

Runoff = 0.05 cfs @ 12.25 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af, Depth= 0.70"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
Type III 24-hr 100-Year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,313	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
4,008	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
523	98	Paved parking, HSG A
6,844	38	Weighted Average
6,321		92.36% Pervious Area
523		7.64% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0					Direct Entry,

Summary for Pond UGS-1: Infiltration Basin

Inflow Area = 1.429 ac, 69.21% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.74" for 100-Year event
 Inflow = 7.17 cfs @ 12.09 hrs, Volume= 0.564 af
 Outflow = 0.75 cfs @ 12.89 hrs, Volume= 0.565 af, Atten= 89%, Lag= 48.1 min
 Discarded = 0.57 cfs @ 11.55 hrs, Volume= 0.555 af
 Primary = 0.19 cfs @ 12.89 hrs, Volume= 0.009 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs
 Peak Elev= 48.99' @ 12.89 hrs Surf.Area= 0.068 ac Storage= 0.209 af

Plug-Flow detention time= (not calculated: outflow precedes inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 123.1 min (906.8 - 783.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	44.25'	0.096 af	29.92'W x 98.91'L x 5.50'H Field A 0.374 af Overall - 0.134 af Embedded = 0.240 af x 40.0% Voids
#2A	45.00'	0.134 af	ADS_StormTech MC-3500 d +Cap x 52 Inside #1 Effective Size= 70.4"W x 45.0"H => 15.33 sf x 7.17'L = 110.0 cf Overall Size= 77.0"W x 45.0"H x 7.50'L with 0.33' Overlap 52 Chambers in 4 Rows Cap Storage= +14.9 cf x 2 x 4 rows = 119.2 cf
		0.230 af	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

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Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	44.25'	8.270 in/hr Exfiltration over Surface area
#2	Primary	48.75'	12.0" Round RCP_Round 12" L= 55.0' CPP, projecting, no headwall, Ke= 0.900 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 48.75' / 48.45' S= 0.0055 '/ Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.57 cfs @ 11.55 hrs HW=44.33' (Free Discharge)↑1=**Exfiltration** (Exfiltration Controls 0.57 cfs)**Primary OutFlow** Max=0.19 cfs @ 12.89 hrs HW=48.99' TW=0.00' (Dynamic Tailwater)↑2=**RCP_Round 12"** (Barrel Controls 0.19 cfs @ 1.93 fps)**Summary for Link DP-1: Northern PL**

Inflow Area = 1.666 ac, 59.40% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.17" for 100-Year event
 Inflow = 0.22 cfs @ 12.88 hrs, Volume= 0.024 af
 Primary = 0.22 cfs @ 12.88 hrs, Volume= 0.024 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-36.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

APPENDIX F: STORMWATER CALCULATIONS

- MA STANDARD #3 – RECHARGE AND DRAWDOWN TIME
- MA STANDARD #4 – WATER QUALITY AND TSS REMOVAL
- TP40 RAINFALL DATA
- PIPE SIZING

Proposed Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA
Bohler Job Number: W211220
March 4, 2022

MA DEP Standard 3: Recharge Volume Calculations

Required Recharge Volume - A Soils (0.60 in.)	
Existing Site Impervious Area (ac)	0.000
Proposed Site Impervious Area (ac)	0.986
Proposed Increase in Site Impervious Area (ac)	0.986
Recharge Volume Required (cf)	2,147

Total Recharge Volume Required (cf)	2,147
--	--------------

Recharge Volume Adjustment Factor	
Impervious Area Directed to Infiltration BMP (ac)	0.918
%Impervious Directed to Infiltration BMP	93%
Adjustment Factor	1.07
Adjusted Total Recharge Volume Required (cf)	2,306

Provided Recharge Volume*	
UGS-1	8,712
Total Recharge Volume Provided (cf)	8,712

Provided greater than or Equal to Required

*Volume provided below lowest outlet in cubic feet (cf)

Prepared By:

BOHLER //

352 Turnpike Road
 Southborough, MA 01772
 (508) 480-9900

3/3/2022

**Proposed Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA
Bohler Job Number: W211220
March 4, 2022**

MA DEP Standard 3: Drawdown Time Calculations

Drawdown Time - UGS-1	
Volume below outlet pipe (Rv) (cf)	8,712
Soil Type	Sand - A
Infiltration rate (K)*	8.27
Bottom Area (sf)	2,959
Drawdown time (Hours)*	4.3

*Infiltration Rates taken from Rawls Table

**Drawdown time = $Rv / (K \times \text{bottom area})$

Prepared By:

BOHLER //

352 Turnpike Road
Southborough, MA 01772
(508) 480-9900

3/3/2022

Proposed Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA
Bohler Job Number: W211220
March 4, 2022

MA DEP Standard 4: Water Quality Volume Calculations

Water Quality Volume Required	
Water Quality Volume runoff (in.)*	1.0
Total Post Development Impervious Area (sf)	42,941
Required Water Quality Volume (cf)	3,578
*Water Quality volume runoff is equal to 0.5 or 1.0 inches of runoff times the total impervious area of the post development project site.	

Water Quality Volume Provided*	
UGS-1	8,712
Total Provided Water Quality Volume (cf)	8,712

Required Recharge Provided

*Volume provided below lowest outlet pipe in cubic feet (cf)

Proposed Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA
Bohler Job Number: W211220
3/4/2022

1" Water Quality Volume to Flow Rate Calculation Sheet

Compute Water Quality Flow with the following Equation

$WQF = (qu)(A)(WQV)$

Site Plan Callout		qu (from 1" - qu Table)	Impervious Area (SF)	Ai (sq/mi)	WQV (inches)		WQF (cfs)
Isolator Row	=	774	42941	0.001540	1	=	1.19
	=					=	

Water Quality Flow Rate = WQF
 Water Quality Volume = WQV*
 Unit peak discharge (csm/in) = qu**
 Impervious Area in watershed (square miles) = Ai

*WQV is expressed in watershed inches (you must use 1.0-inches in all cases with this method and not 0.5-inches)

** calculate the qu based on the time of concentration (see 1" - qu Table)

Isolator row sizing

Maximum treatment flow rate - MC3500 Chamber*	0.395 cfs
Number of chambers in Isolator Row	13
WQF provided by isolator row =	5.135

*Per NJCAT Technology Verification, Isolator Row Plus, StormTech, LLC, July 2020

Figure 4: for First 1-inch Runoff, Table of qu values for Ia/P Curve = 0.034, listed by tc, for Type III Storm Distribution

Tc (Hours)	qu (csm/in)	Tc (Hours)	qu (csm/in)	Tc (Hours)	qu (csm/in)
0.01	835	2.7	197	7.1	95
0.03	835	2.8	192	7.2	94
0.05	831	2.9	187	7.3	93
0.067	814	3	183	7.4	92
0.083	795	3.1	179	7.5	91
0.1	774	3.2	175	7.6	90
0.116	755	3.3	171	7.7	89
0.133	736	3.4	168	7.8	88
0.15	717	3.5	164	7.9	87
0.167	700	3.6	161	8	86
0.183	685	3.7	158	8.1	85
0.2	669	3.8	155	8.2	84
0.217	654	3.9	152	8.3	84
0.233	641	4	149	8.4	83
0.25	628	4.1	146	8.5	82
0.3	593	4.2	144	8.6	81
0.333	572	4.3	141	8.7	80
0.35	563	4.4	139	8.8	79
0.4	536	4.5	137	8.9	79
0.416	528	4.6	134	9	78
0.5	491	4.7	132	9.1	77
0.583	460	4.8	130	9.2	76
0.6	454	4.9	128	9.3	76
0.667	433	5	126	9.4	75
0.7	424	5.1	124	9.5	74
0.8	398	5.2	122	9.6	74
0.9	376	5.3	120	9.7	73
1	356	5.4	119	9.8	72
1.1	339	5.5	117	9.9	72
1.2	323	5.6	115	10	71
1.3	309	5.7	114		
1.4	296	5.8	112		
1.5	285	5.9	111		
1.6	274	6	109		
1.7	264	6.1	108		
1.8	255	6.2	106		
1.9	247	6.3	105		
2	239	6.4	104		
2.1	232	6.5	102		
2.2	225	6.6	101		
2.3	219	6.7	100		
2.4	213	6.8	99		
2.5	207	6.9	98		
2.6	202	7	96		

Proposed Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA
Bohler Job Number: W211220
March 4, 2022

MA DEP Standard 4: TSS Removal Calculation Worksheet

BMP Treatment Train: CB-1 to UGS-1

A BMP	B TSS Removal Rate	C Starting TSS Load*	D Amount Removed (B*C)	E Remaining Load (C-D)
Deep Sump Catch Basins	0.25	1.00	0.25	0.75
Isolator Row	0.80	0.75	0.60	0.15
Subsurface Infiltration System	0.80	0.15	0.12	0.03
Total TSS Removal =			97%	

*Equals remaining load from previous BMP (E) which enters BMP

F-1. Rainfall Data for Massachusetts from *Rainfall Frequency Atlas of the United States* (TP-40)

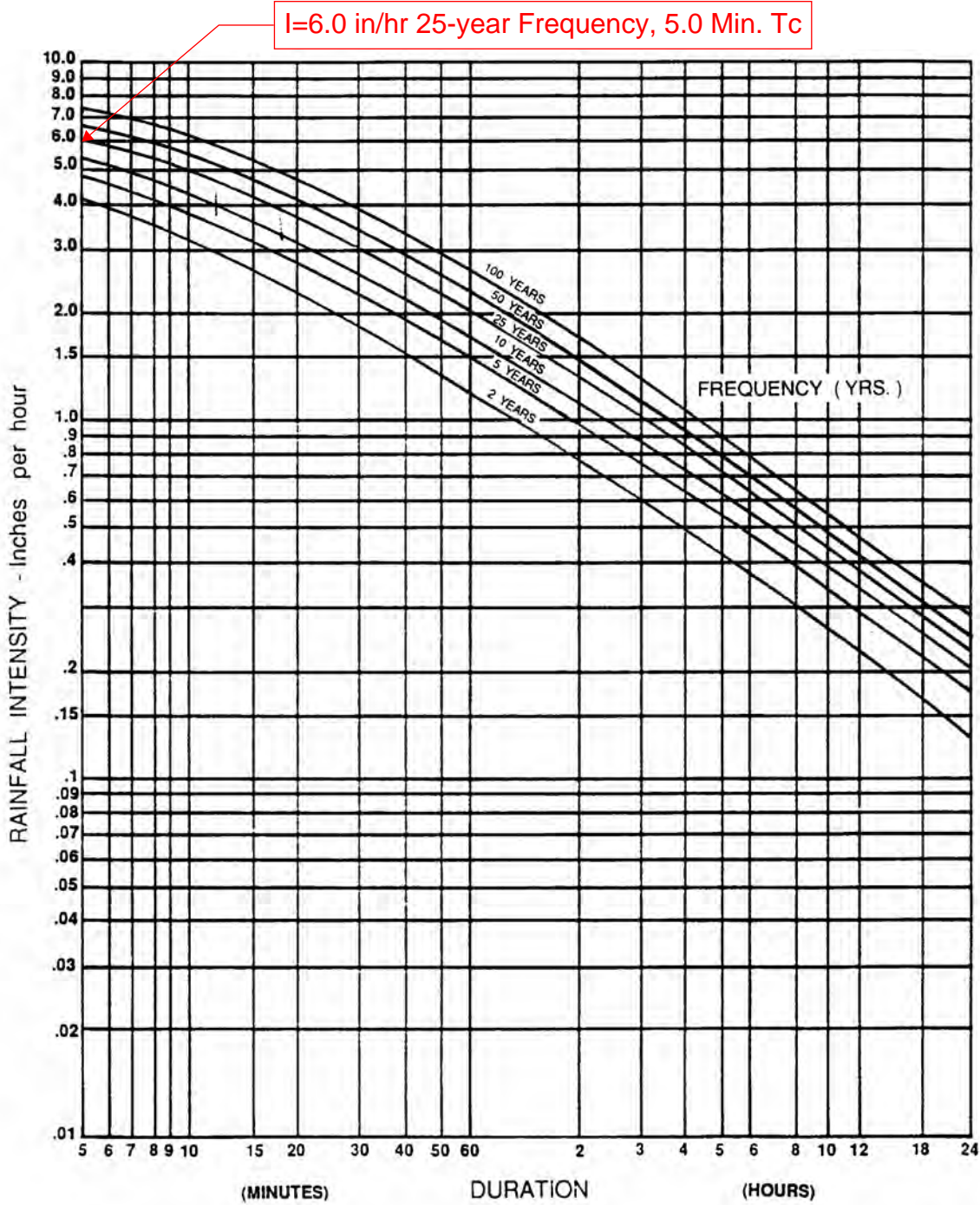
- Users of this Handbook should note that current MA DEP written guidance (see DEP Waterlines newsletter -- Fall 2000) requires the use of TP-40 Rainfall Data for calculations under the Wetlands Protection Regulations and the Stormwater Management Policy. More stringent design storms may be used under a local bylaw or ordinance. However, DEP will continue to require the use of TP-40 in any case it reviews under the Wetlands Protection Act and Stormwater Management Policy.

Adjusted Technical Paper 40 Design Storms for 24-hour Event by County

County Name	1-yr 24-hr	2-yr 24-hr	5-yr 24-hr	10-yr 24-hr	25-yr 24-hr	50-yr 24-hr	100-yr 24-hr
Barnstable	2.5	3.6	4.5	4.8	5.7	6.4	7.1
Berkshire	2.5	2.9	3.8	4.4	5.1	5.9	6.4
Bristol	2.5	3.4	4.3	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.0
Dukes	2.5	3.6	4.6	4.9	5.8	6.5	7.2
Essex	2.5	3.1	3.9	4.5	5.4	5.9	6.5
Franklin	2.5	2.9	3.8	4.3	5.1	5.8	6.2
Hampden	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.6	5.3	6.0	6.5
Hampshire	2.5	3.0	3.9	4.5	5.2	5.9	6.4
Middlesex	2.5	3.1	4.0	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.5
Nantucket	2.5	3.6	4.6	4.9	5.8	6.5	7.2
Norfolk	2.5	3.2	4.1	4.7	5.5	6.1	6.7
Plymouth	2.5	3.4	4.3	4.7	5.6	6.2	7.0
Suffolk	2.5	3.2	4.0	4.6	5.5	6.0	6.6
Worcester	2.5	3.0	4.0	4.5	5.3	5.9	6.5

Exhibit 8-12

Intensity - Duration - Frequency Curve for Boston, MA



Source: TR55 - Urban Hydrology for Small Wetlands, NRCS

APPENDIX G: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

- STORMWATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN
- INSPECTION REPORT
- INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE LOG FORM
- LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN
- ILLCIT DISCHARGE STATEMENT
- SPILL PREVENTION
- PROPOSED OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MAP
- MANUFACTURER'S INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

STORMWATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

***Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA***

RESPONSIBLE PARTY DURING CONSTRUCTION:

***Rojo Co. Inc.
69 Providence Highway
Norwood, MA***

RESPONSIBLE PARTY POST CONSTRUCTION:

***Rojo Co. Inc.
69 Providence Highway
Norwood, MA***

Construction Phase

During the construction phase, all erosion control devices and measures shall be maintained in accordance with the final record plans, local/state approvals and conditions, the EPA Construction General Permit and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) if applicable. Additionally, the maintenance of all erosion / siltation control measures during construction shall be the responsibility of the general contractor. Upon proper notice to the property owner, the Town/City or its authorized designee shall be allowed to enter the property at a reasonable time and in a reasonable manner for the purposes of inspection.

Post Development Controls

Once construction is completed, the post development stormwater controls are to be operated and maintained in compliance with the following permanent procedures (note that the continued implementation of these procedures shall be the responsibility of the Owner or its assignee):

1. Parking lots: Sweep at least two (2) times per year and on a more frequent basis depending on sanding operations. All resulting sweepings shall be collected and properly disposed of offsite in accordance with MADEP and other applicable requirements.

Approximate Maintenance Budget: \$1,000/year

2. Catch basins, yard drains, trench drains, manholes and piping: Inspect two (2) times per year and at the end of foliage and snow-removal seasons. These features shall be cleaned two (2) times per year or whenever the depth of deposits is greater than or equal to one half the depth from the bottom of the invert of the lowest pipe in the catch basin or underground system. Accumulated sediment and hydrocarbons present must be removed and properly disposed of off site in accordance with MADEP and other applicable requirements.

Approximate Maintenance Budget: \$500/year per structure.

3. Underground Infiltration Basins: Preventative maintenance after every major storm event during the first three (3) months of operation and at least twice per year thereafter. Inspect structure and pretreatment BMP to ensure proper operation after every major storm event (generally equal or greater to 3.0 inches in 24 hours) for the first three months. The outlet of the basin, if any, shall be inspected for erosion and sedimentation, and rip-rap shall be promptly repaired in the case of erosion. Sediment collecting in the bottom of the basin shall be inspected twice annually, and removal shall commence any time the sediment reaches a depth of six inches anywhere in the basin. Any sediment removed shall be disposed of in accordance with MADEP and other applicable requirements. Approximate Maintenance Budget: Cleaning - \$1,000/year, Inspection - \$200/year

All components of the stormwater system will be accessible by the owner or their assignee.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM
POST-CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION REPORT

LOCATION:

***Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA***

RESPONSIBLE PARTY:

***Rojo Co. Inc.
69 Providence Highway
Norwood, MA***

NAME OF INSPECTOR:	INSPECTION DATE:
Note Condition of the Following (sediment depth, debris, standing water, damage, etc.):	
Catch Basins:	
Discharge Points:	
Underground Infiltration Basin:	
Other:	

Note Recommended Actions to be taken on the Following (sediment and/or debris removal, repairs, etc.):

Catch Basins:

Discharge Points:

Underground Infiltration Basin:

Other:

Comments:

LONG-TERM POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN

*Rojo Carwash
4 Tow Road
Wareham, MA*

RESPONSIBLE PARTY DURING CONSTRUCTION:

*Rojo Co. Inc.
69 Providence Highway
Norwood, MA*

RESPONSIBLE PARTY POST CONSTRUCTION:

*Rojo Co. Inc.
69 Providence Highway
Norwood, MA*

For this site, the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan will consist of the following:

- The property owner shall be responsible for “good housekeeping” including proper periodic maintenance of building and pavement areas, curbing, landscaping, etc.
- Proper storage and removal of solid waste (dumpsters).
- Sweeping of parking lots, drive aisles and access aisles a minimum of twice per year with a commercial cleaning unit. Any sediment removed shall be disposed of in accordance with applicable local and state requirements.
- Regular inspections and maintenance of Stormwater Management System as noted in the “O&M Plan”.
- Snow removal shall be the responsibility of the property owner. Snow shall not be plowed, dumped and/or placed in forebays, infiltration basins or similar stormwater controls. Salting and/or sanding of pavement / walkway areas during winter conditions shall only be done in accordance with all state/local requirements and approvals.
- No outdoor maintenance or washing of vehicles allowed.
- Trash and other debris shall be removed from all areas of the site at least twice yearly.
- Reseed any bare areas as soon as they occur. Erosion control measures shall be installed in these areas to prevent deposits of sediment from entering the drainage system.

- Grass shall be maintained at a minimum blade height of two to three inches and only 1/3 of the plant height shall be removed at a time. Clippings shall not be disposed of within stormwater management areas or adjacent resource areas.
- Plants shall be pruned as necessary.
- Snow piles shall be located adjacent to or on pervious surfaces in upland areas. This will allow snow melt water to filter into the soil, leaving behind sand and debris which can be removed in the springtime.
- In no case shall snow be disposed of or stored in resource areas (wetlands, floodplain, streams, or other water bodies).
- In no case shall snow be disposed of or stored in the detention basins, infiltration basins or bioretention areas.
- If necessary, stockpiled snow will be removed from the Site and disposed of at an off-site location in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.
- The amount of sand and deicing chemicals shall be kept at the minimum amount required to provide safe pedestrian and vehicle travel.
- Deicing chemicals are recommended as a pretreatment to storm events to minimize the amount of applied sand.
- Sand and deicing chemicals should be stockpiled under covered storage facilities that prevent precipitation and adjacent runoff from coming in contact with the deicing materials. Stockpile areas shall be located outside resource areas.
- The primary agents used for deicing at parking lots, sidewalks and the access roads shall consist of salt alternatives such as calcium carbonate (CaCO₃) or potassium chloride (KCl) or sodium chloride.
- Deliveries shall be monitored by owner or owner's representative to ensure proper delivery and in the event that a spillage occurs it shall be contained and cleaned up immediately in accordance with the spill prevention program for the project.
- Recycle materials whenever possible. Provide separate containers for recycle materials. Recycling products will be removed by a certified waste hauler.

OPERATON AND MAINTENANCE TRAINING PROGRAM

The Owner will coordinate an annual in-house training session to discuss the Operations and Maintenance Plan, the Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan, and the Spill Prevention Plan and response procedures. Annual training will include the following:

Discuss the Operations and Maintenance Plan

- Explain the general operations of the stormwater management system and its BMPs
- Identify potential sources of stormwater pollution and measures / methods of reducing or eliminating that pollution
- Emphasize good housekeeping measures

Discuss the Spill Prevention and Response Procedures

- Explain the process in the event of a spill
- Identify potential sources of spills and procedures for cleanup and /or reporting and notification
- Complete a yearly inventory or Materials Safety Data sheets of all tenants and confirm that no potentially harmful chemicals are in use.

ILLICIT DISCHARGE STATEMENT

Certain types of non-stormwater discharges are allowed under the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Construction General Permit. These types of discharges will be allowed under the conditions that no pollutants will be allowed to come in contact with the water prior to or after its discharge. The control measures which have been outlined previously in this LTPPP will be strictly followed to ensure that no contamination of these non-storm water discharges takes place. Any existing illicit discharges, if discovered during the course of the work, will be reported to MassDEP and the local DPW, as applicable, to be addressed in accordance with their respective policies. No illicit discharges will be allowed in conjunction with the proposed improvements.

Duly Acknowledged:

Name & Title	Date
--------------	------

SPILL PREVENTION AND RESPONSE PROCEDURES **(POST CONSTRUCTION)**

In order to prevent or minimize the potential for a spill of Hazardous Substances or Oil or come into contact with stormwater, the following steps will be implemented:

1. All Hazardous Substances or Oil (such as pesticides, petroleum products, fertilizers, detergents, acids, paints, paint solvents, cleaning solvents, etc.) will be stored in a secure location, with their lids on, preferably under cover, when not in use.
2. The minimum practical quantity of all such materials will be kept on site.
3. A spill control and containment kit (containing, for example, absorbent materials, acid neutralizing powder, brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, plastic and metal trash containers, etc.) will be provided on site.
4. Manufacturer's recommended methods for spill cleanup will be clearly posted and site personnel will be trained regarding these procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies.
5. It is the OWNER's responsibility to ensure that all Hazardous Waste on site is disposed of properly by a licensed hazardous material disposal company. The OWNER is responsible for not exceeding Hazardous Waste storage requirements mandated by the EPA or state and local authorities.

In the event of a spill of Hazardous Substances or Oil, the following procedures should be followed:

1. All measures should be taken to contain and abate the spill and to prevent the discharge of the Hazardous Substance or Oil to stormwater or off-site. (The spill area should be kept well ventilated and personnel should wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent injury from contact with the Hazardous Substances.)
2. For spills of less than five (5) gallons of material, proceed with source control and containment, clean-up with absorbent materials or other applicable means unless an imminent hazard or other circumstances dictate that the spill should be treated by a professional emergency response contractor.
3. For spills greater than five (5) gallons of material immediately contact the MADEP at the toll-free 24-hour statewide emergency number: **1-888-304-1133**, the local fire department (**9-1-1**) and an approved emergency response contractor. Provide information on the type of material spilled, the location of the spill, the quantity spilled, and the time of the spill to the emergency response contractor or coordinator, and proceed with prevention, containment and/or clean-up if so desired. (Use the form provided, or similar).
4. If there is a Reportable Quantity (RQ) release, then the National Response Center should be notified immediately at (800) 424-8802; within 14 days a report should be submitted to the EPA regional office describing the release, the date and circumstances of the release and the steps taken to prevent another release. This Pollution Prevention Plan should be updated to reflect any such steps or actions taken and measures to prevent the same from reoccurring.

Cause of Spill: _____

Measures Taken to Clean up Spill: _____

Type of equipment: _____ Make: _____ Size: _____

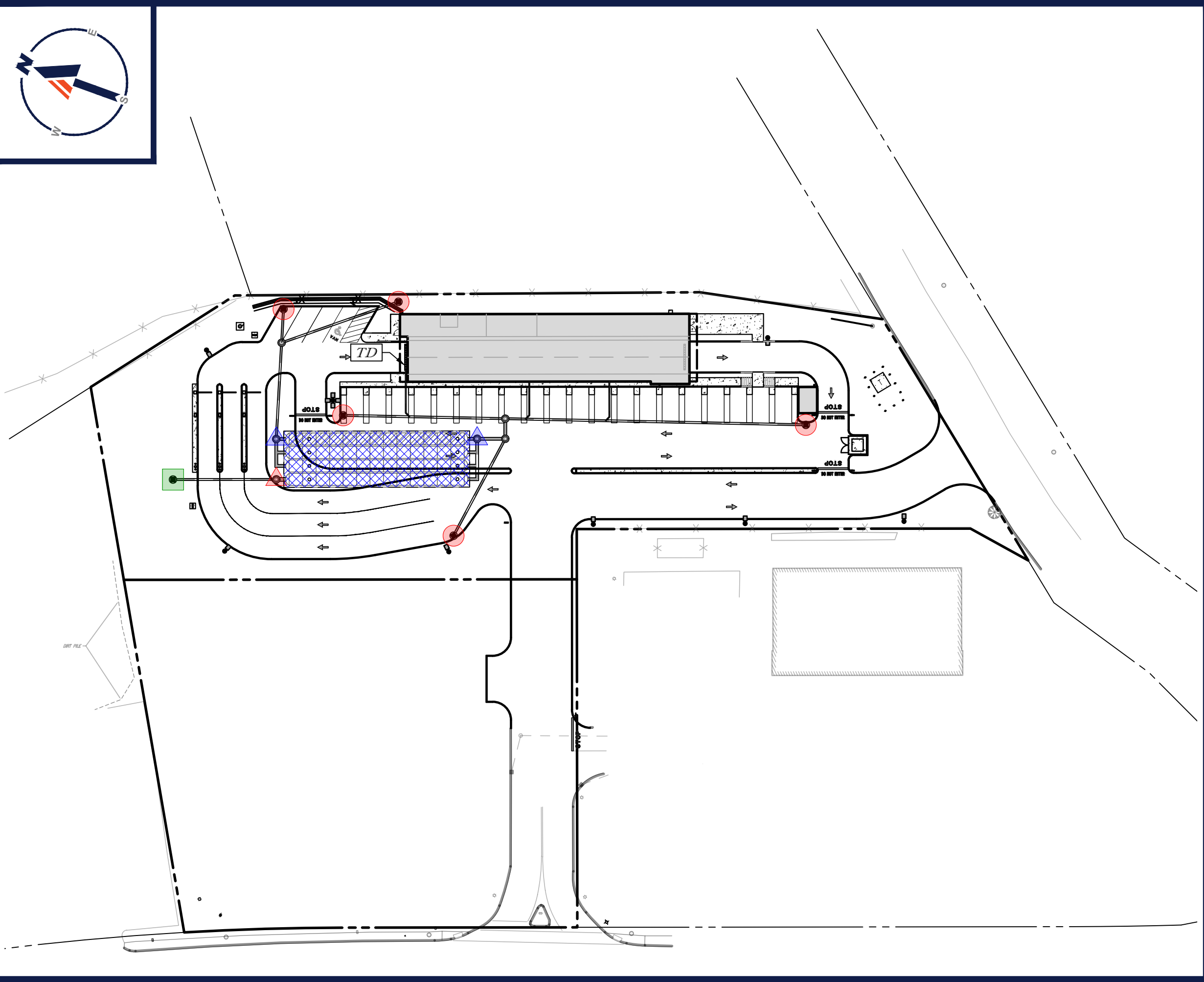
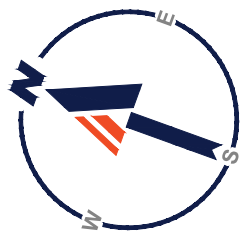
License or S/N: _____

Location and Method of Disposal _____







Procedures, method, and precautions instituted to prevent a similar occurrence from recurring: _____

Additional Contact Numbers:

- DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION (DEP) EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-888-304-1133
- NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER PHONE: (800) 424-8802
- U.S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY PHONE: (888) 372-7341



LEGEND

-  CATCH BASIN (SINGLE AND DOUBLE)
-  INLET CONTROL STRUCTURE
-  DRY WELL
-  OUTLET CONTROL STRUCTURE
-  TRENCH DRAIN
-  INFILTRATION SYSTEM AND ISOLATOR ROW (SUBSURFACE)

OPERATION & MAINTENANCE LOCATION MAP

4 TOW ROAD
WAREHAM, MA

PREPARED BY



**Save Valuable Land and
Protect Water Resources**



Isolator[®] Row O&M Manual
StormTech[®] Chamber System for Stormwater Management

1.0 The Isolator[®] Row

1.1 INTRODUCTION

An important component of any Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan is inspection and maintenance. The StormTech Isolator Row is a patented technique to inexpensively enhance Total Suspended Solids (TSS) removal and provide easy access for inspection and maintenance.



Looking down the Isolator Row from the manhole opening, woven geotextile is shown between the chamber and stone base.

1.2 THE ISOLATOR ROW

The Isolator Row is a row of StormTech chambers, either SC-310, SC-310-3, SC-740, DC-780, MC-3500 or MC-4500 models, that is surrounded with filter fabric and connected to a closely located manhole for easy access. The fabric-wrapped chambers provide for settling and filtration of sediment as storm water rises in the Isolator Row and ultimately passes through the filter fabric. The open bottom chambers and perforated sidewalls (SC-310, SC-310-3 and SC-740 models) allow storm water to flow both vertically and horizontally out of the chambers. Sediments are captured in the Isolator Row protecting the storage areas of the adjacent stone and chambers from sediment accumulation.

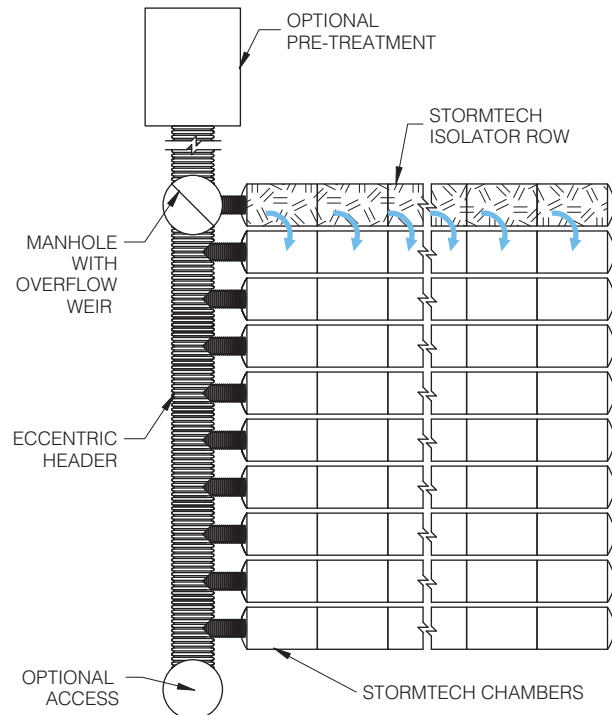
Two different fabrics are used for the Isolator Row. A woven geotextile fabric is placed between the stone and the Isolator Row chambers. The tough geotextile provides a media for storm water filtration and provides a durable surface for maintenance operations. It is also designed to prevent scour of the underlying stone and remain intact during high pressure jetting. A non-woven fabric is placed over the chambers to provide a filter media for flows passing through the perforations in the sidewall of the chamber. The non-woven fabric is not required over the DC-780, MC-3500 or MC-4500 models as these chambers do not have perforated side walls.

The Isolator Row is typically designed to capture the “first flush” and offers the versatility to be sized on a volume basis or flow rate basis. An upstream manhole not only provides access to the Isolator Row but typically includes a high flow weir such that storm water flowrates or volumes that exceed the capacity of the Isolator Row overtop the over flow weir and discharge through a manifold to the other chambers.

The Isolator Row may also be part of a treatment train. By treating storm water prior to entry into the chamber system, the service life can be extended and pollutants such as hydrocarbons can be captured. Pre-treatment best management practices can be as simple as deep sump catch basins, oil-water separators or can be innovative storm water treatment devices. The design of the treatment train and selection of pretreatment devices by the design engineer is often driven by regulatory requirements. Whether pretreatment is used or not, the Isolator Row is recommended by StormTech as an effective means to minimize maintenance requirements and maintenance costs.

Note: See the StormTech Design Manual for detailed information on designing inlets for a StormTech system, including the Isolator Row.

StormTech Isolator Row with Overflow Spillway (not to scale)



2.0 Isolator Row Inspection/Maintenance



2.1 INSPECTION

The frequency of Inspection and Maintenance varies by location. A routine inspection schedule needs to be established for each individual location based upon site specific variables. The type of land use (i.e. industrial, commercial, residential), anticipated pollutant load, percent imperviousness, climate, etc. all play a critical role in determining the actual frequency of inspection and maintenance practices.

At a minimum, StormTech recommends annual inspections. Initially, the Isolator Row should be inspected every 6 months for the first year of operation. For subsequent years, the inspection should be adjusted based upon previous observation of sediment deposition.

The Isolator Row incorporates a combination of standard manhole(s) and strategically located inspection ports (as needed). The inspection ports allow for easy access to the system from the surface, eliminating the need to perform a confined space entry for inspection purposes.

If upon visual inspection it is found that sediment has accumulated, a stadia rod should be inserted to determine the depth of sediment. When the average depth of sediment exceeds 3 inches throughout the length of the Isolator Row, clean-out should be performed.

2.2 MAINTENANCE

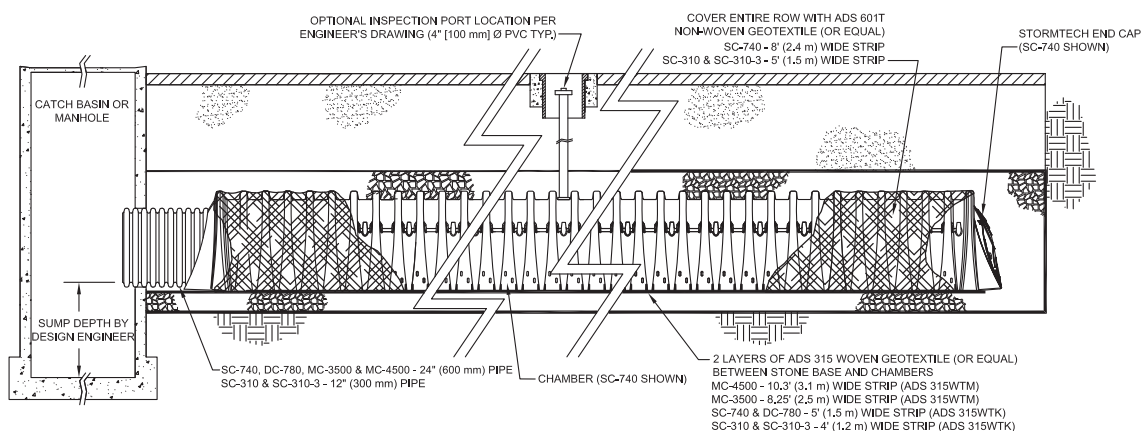
The Isolator Row was designed to reduce the cost of periodic maintenance. By “isolating” sediments to just one row, costs are dramatically reduced by eliminating the need to clean out each row of the entire storage bed. If inspection indicates the potential need for maintenance, access is provided via a manhole(s) located on the end(s) of the row for cleanout. If entry into the manhole is required, please follow local and OSHA rules for a confined space entries.



Examples of culvert cleaning nozzles appropriate for Isolator Row maintenance. (These are not StormTech products.)

Maintenance is accomplished with the JetVac process. The JetVac process utilizes a high pressure water nozzle to propel itself down the Isolator Row while scouring and suspending sediments. As the nozzle is retrieved, the captured pollutants are flushed back into the manhole for vacuuming. Most sewer and pipe maintenance companies have vacuum/JetVac combination vehicles. Selection of an appropriate JetVac nozzle will improve maintenance efficiency. Fixed nozzles designed for culverts or large diameter pipe cleaning are preferable. Rear facing jets with an effective spread of at least 45” are best. Most JetVac reels have 400 feet of hose allowing maintenance of an Isolator Row up to 50 chambers long. **The JetVac process shall only be performed on StormTech Isolator Rows that have AASHTO class 1 woven geotextile (as specified by StormTech) over their angular base stone.**

StormTech Isolator Row (not to scale)



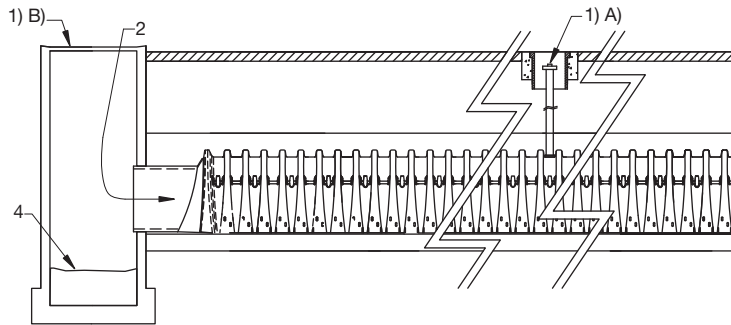
NOTE: NON-WOVEN FABRIC IS ONLY REQUIRED OVER THE INLET PIPE CONNECTION INTO THE END CAP FOR DC-780, MC-3500 AND MC-4500 CHAMBER MODELS AND IS NOT REQUIRED OVER THE ENTIRE ISOLATOR ROW.

3.0 Isolator Row Step By Step Maintenance Procedures

Step 1) Inspect Isolator Row for sediment

- A) Inspection ports (if present)
 - i. Remove lid from floor box frame
 - ii. Remove cap from inspection riser
 - iii. Using a flashlight and stadia rod, measure depth of sediment and record results on maintenance log.
 - iv. If sediment is at, or above, 3 inch depth proceed to Step 2. If not proceed to step 3.
- B) All Isolator Rows
 - i. Remove cover from manhole at upstream end of Isolator Row
 - ii. Using a flashlight, inspect down Isolator Row through outlet pipe
 1. Mirrors on poles or cameras may be used to avoid a confined space entry
 2. Follow OSHA regulations for confined space entry if entering manhole
 - iii. If sediment is at or above the lower row of sidewall holes (approximately 3 inches) proceed to Step 2. If not proceed to Step 3.

StormTech Isolator Row (not to scale)



Step 2) Clean out Isolator Row using the JetVac process

- A) A fixed culvert cleaning nozzle with rear facing nozzle spread of 45 inches or more is preferable
- B) Apply multiple passes of JetVac until backflush water is clean
- C) Vacuum manhole sump as required

Step 3) Replace all caps, lids and covers, record observations and actions

Step 4) Inspect & clean catch basins and manholes upstream of the StormTech system

Sample Maintenance Log

Date	Stadia Rod Readings		Sediment Depth (1) - (2)	Observations/Actions	Inspector
	Fixed point to chamber bottom (1)	Fixed point to top of sediment (2)			
3/15/01	6.3 ft.	none		New installation. Fixed point is CI frame at grade	djm
9/24/01		6.2	0.1 ft.	Some grit felt	sm
6/20/03		5.8	0.5 ft.	Mucky feel, debris visible in manhole and in Isolator row, maintenance due	rv
7/7/03	6.3 ft.		0	System jetted and vacuumed	djm



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